Concavity: 2nd derivative

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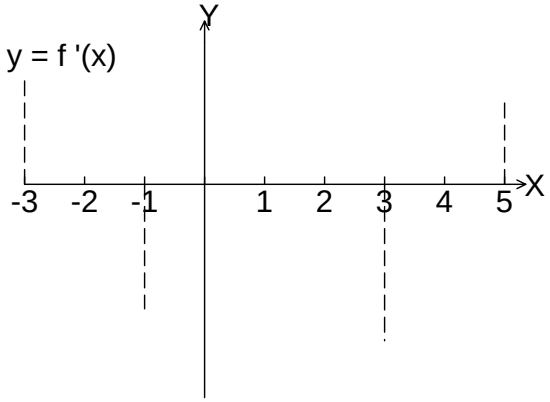
A differentiable function *f* is:
1. Concave up if $f'(x)$ is increasing or if $f''(x) > 0$.
2. Concave down if $f'(x)$ is decreasing or if $f''(x) < 0$.

Concavity Test

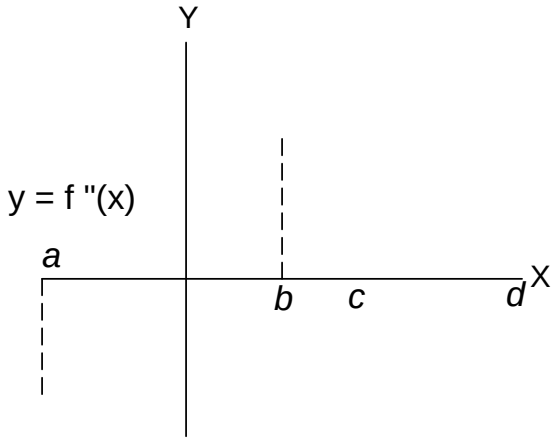
For a function whose 2nd derivative exists:
1. If $y'' > 0$, then *y* is concave up (above the tangent lines)
2. If $y'' < 0$, then *y* is concave down (below the tangent lines)

For the following graphs, determine the intervals where *f* is
a) concave up and justify b) concave down and justify

1)



2)



3. Some values for a function *f* , which is continuous on a domain of [-3, 0) and (0, 3] are listed below. Determine the intervals for which *f* is a) concave up and b) concave down. c) Determine the *x*-value, if any, where the concavity changes. Justify.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
f	-3.333	-2.5	-2	und.	2	2.5	3.333
f'	0.889	0.75	0	und.	0	0.75	0.889