

## Tangent Line

p. 183-193 (3.1)

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To find the equation of a tangent line to a function at a point:

1. You may have to find the y-value of the point on the graph by substituting in the given x-value into the original equation.
2. Find the derivative of  $f$ .
3. Evaluate  $f'(x)$  to get the slope of the graph....must be a number!!!
4. Substitute the given point and the slope of the derivative at that x-value into the point-slope formula.

\*\*1. Let  $f$  be the function defined by  $f(x) = 4x^3 - 5x + 3$ . Find the equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $f$  at  $x = -1$ .

$$f'(x) = 12x^2 - 5$$

$$f'(-1) = 12 - 5 = 7$$

$$f(-1) = 4(-1)^3 - 5(-1) + 3 = -4 + 5 + 3 = 4$$

$$y - 4 = 7(x + 1)$$

$$y = 7x + 11$$

2. Using the table below, find the equation of the line tangent to  $h(x)$  at  $x = 8$ , provided  $h(x)$  is a differentiable function.

$x$	$g(x)$	$h(x)$	$g'(x)$	$h'(x)$
8	-3	9	5	-4

$$h(8) = 9$$

$$h'(8) = -4$$

$$y - 9 = -4(x - 8)$$

$$y = -4x + 41$$

\*\*3. If the line tangent to the graph of the function  $f$  at the point  $(1, 7)$  passes through the point  $(-2, -2)$ , then  $f'(1) = ?$

$$\frac{7 - (-2)}{1 - (-2)} = \frac{9}{3} = \boxed{3}$$

\*\* (calc.) 4. Find the equation of the line tangent to the graph of

$f(x) = x^4 + 2x^2$  at the point where  $f'(x) = 1$ .

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 + 4x = 1$$

$$4x^3 + 4x - 1 = 0$$

$$x = .237$$

$$f(.237) = .115$$

$$y - .115 = x - .237$$